

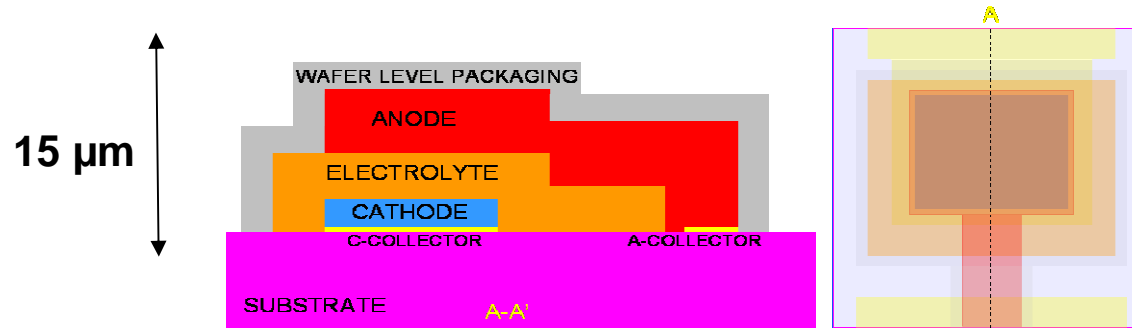
Microstockage d'énergie Les dernières avancées

S. Martin
(CEA-LITEN / Grenoble)

Outline

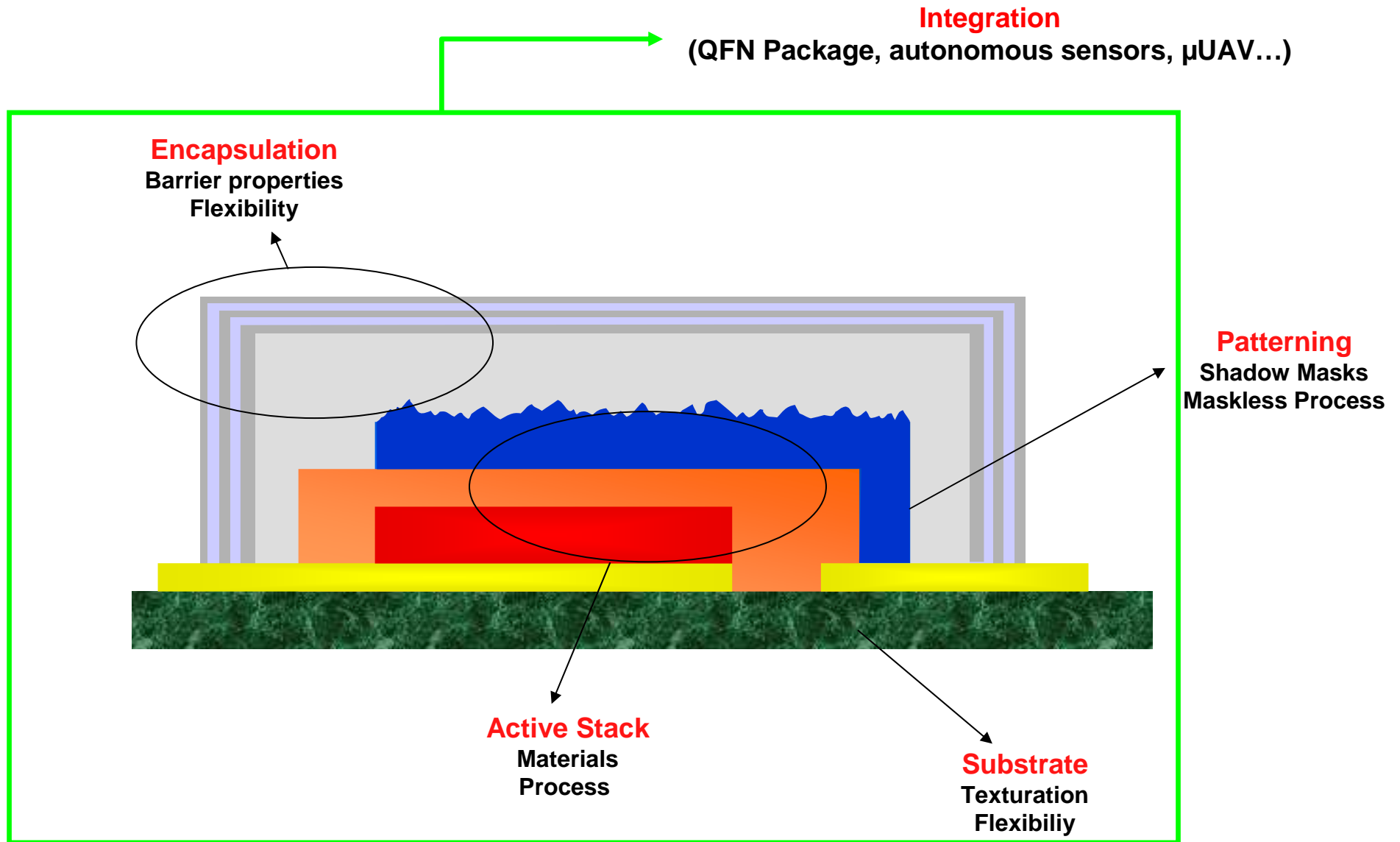
- **What is a microbattery?**
- **Microbatteries developed at CEA**
 - Description
 - Performances
 - Integration and Demonstrations
 - On going developements
- **Overview of worldwide developments**
 - Main competitors
 - Prototypes

What is a microbattery ?



- **Lithium battery**
 - Physics similar to classical lithium battery
- **Solid state battery**
 - No liquid: glassy lithiated electrolyte
- **Thin film battery**
 - Overall thickness : 5-20 μm
 - Realized with thin film deposition facilities

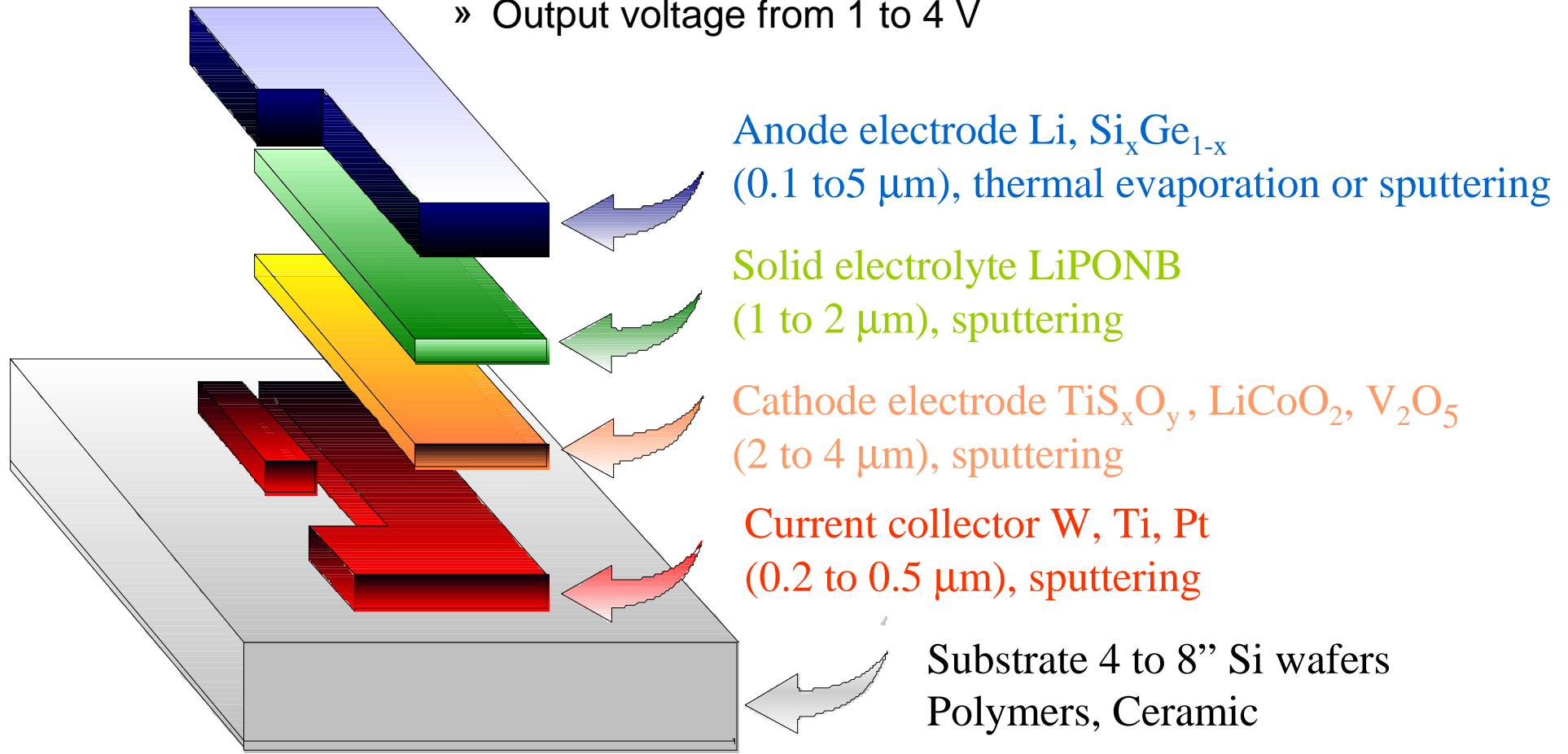
Main developments at CEA



Active stack

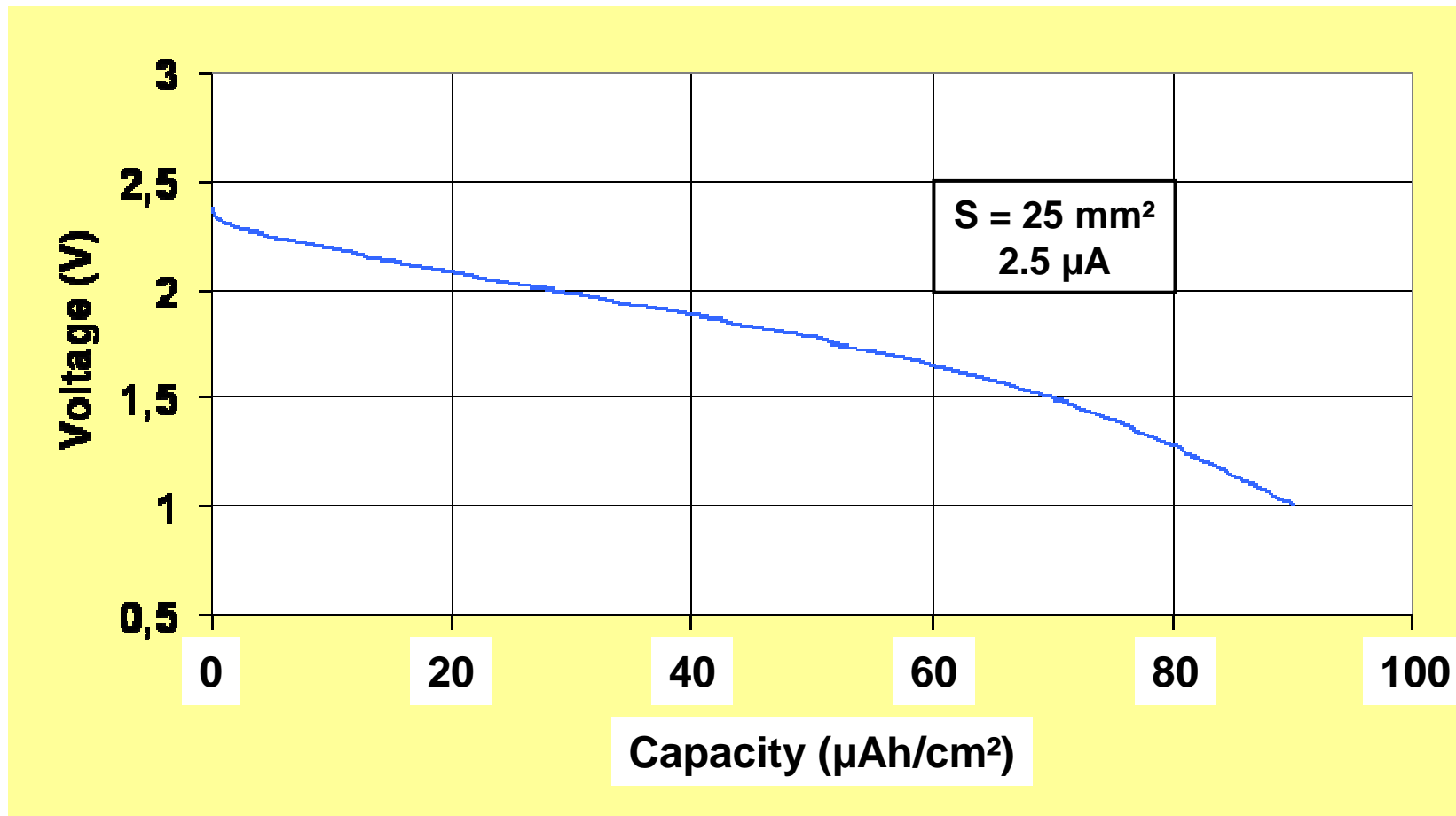
- **Different solutions to fit requirements**

- » Li metal or Li-ion
- » Low Temperature process
- » Output voltage from 1 to 4 V



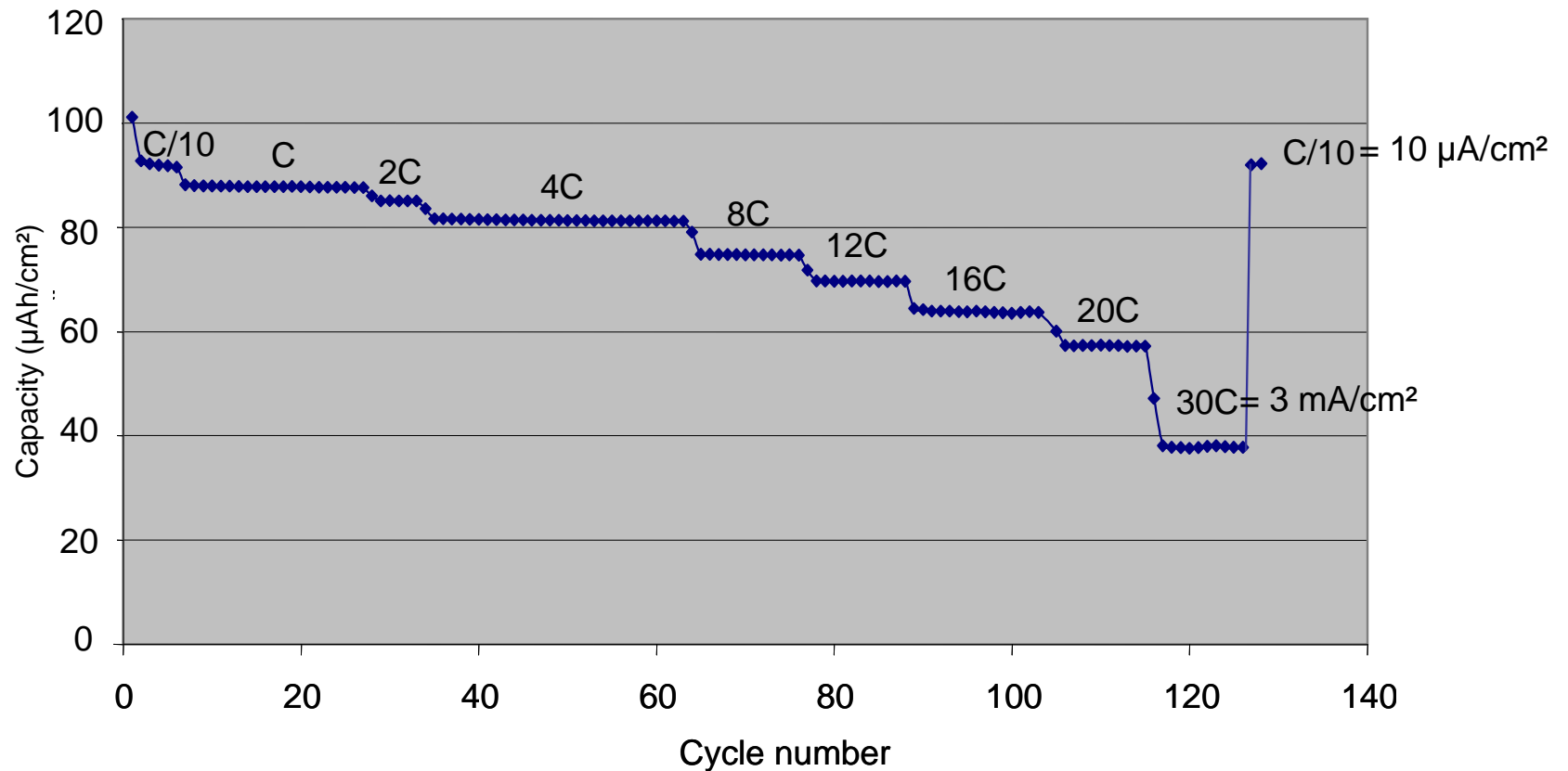
Microbattery Performance

Standard TiOS/Lipon/Li



Microbattery Performance

Standard TiOS/Lipon/Li



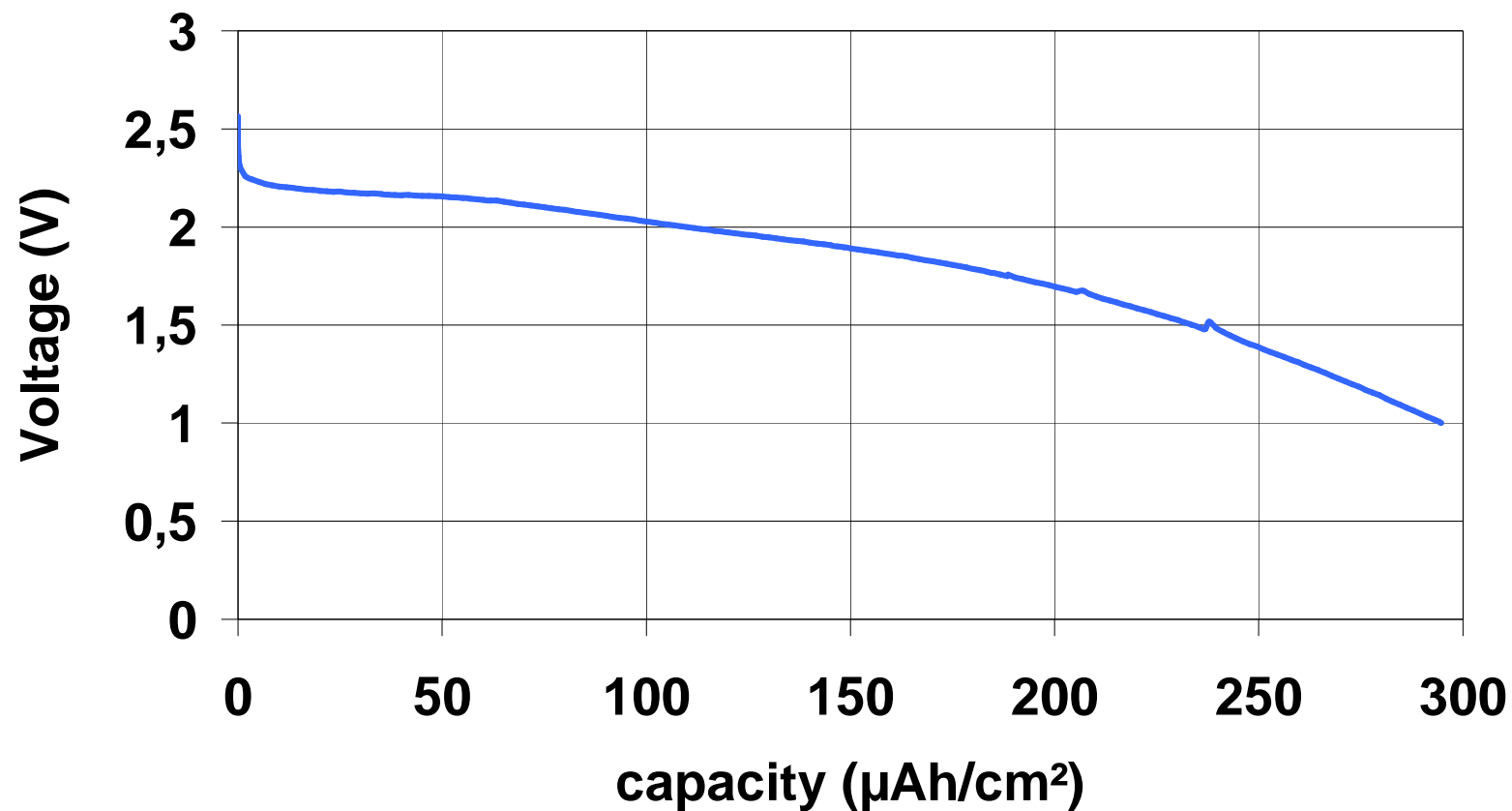
10 µA/cm² during 10 h



3 mA/cm² during 50 s

Microbattery Performance

High capacity TiOS/Lipon/Li

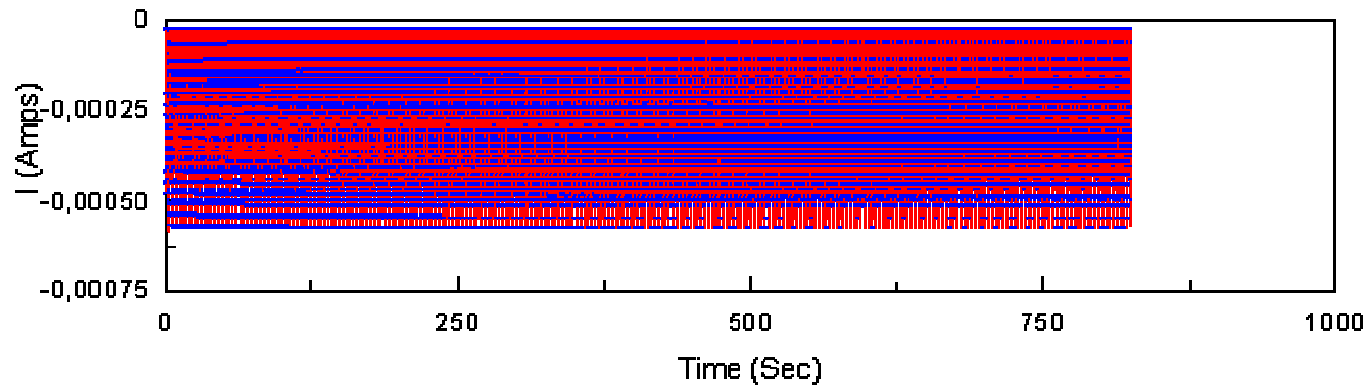
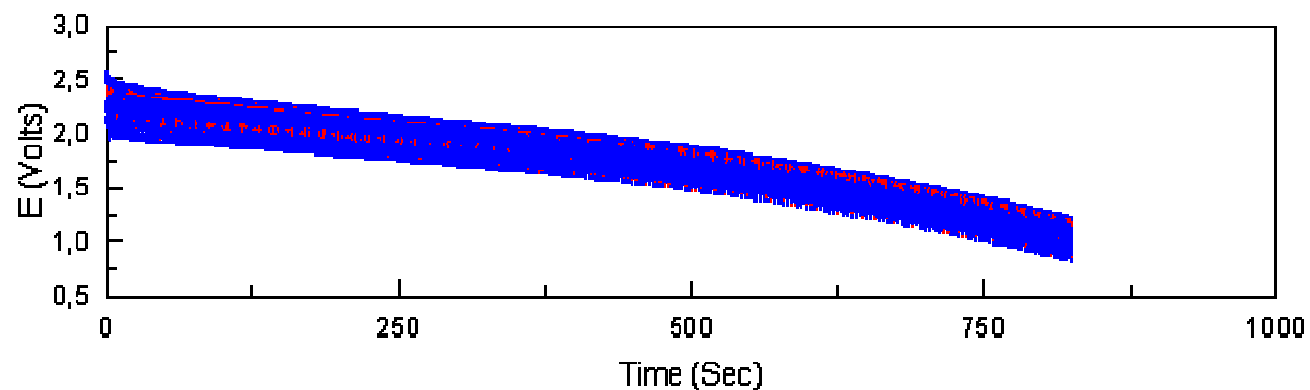


Microbattery Power capability

High duty cycles

Standby current: 25 μA

Pulse current: 2.5 mA/cm^2



Result

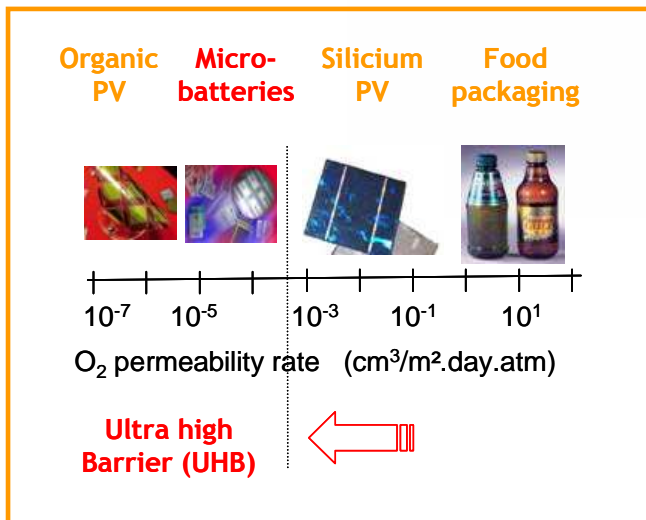
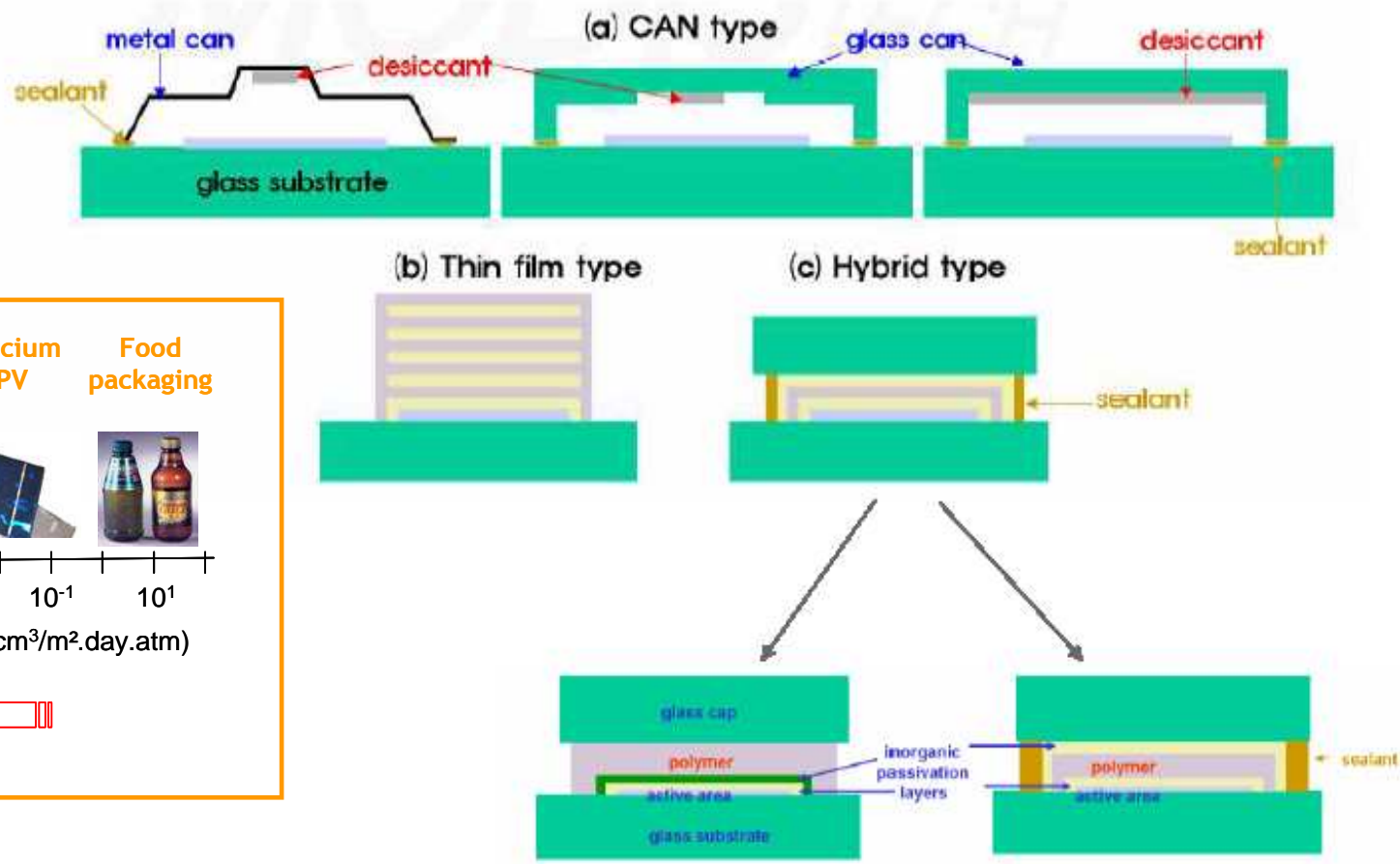
- 4080 High duty cycles
- 28 $\mu\text{Ah}/\text{cm}^2$ to 1V discharge

Encapsulation

➤ 3 different routes (possibility to hybride solutions)

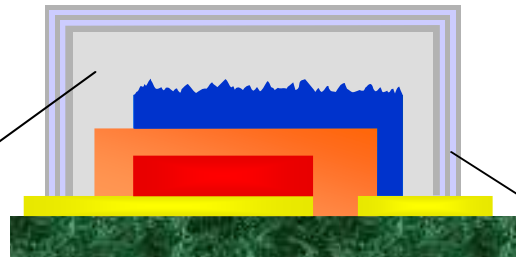
➤ Can, thin film, lamination

Influence on T_{max}, flexibility, thickness



Microbattery encapsulation: thin film solution

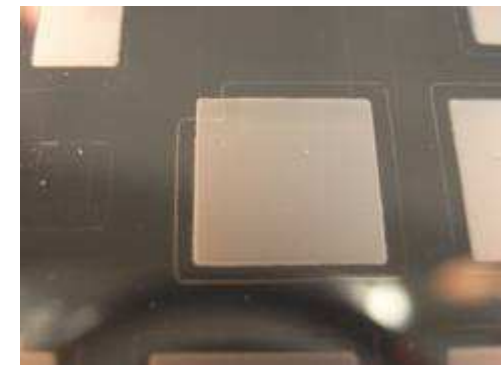
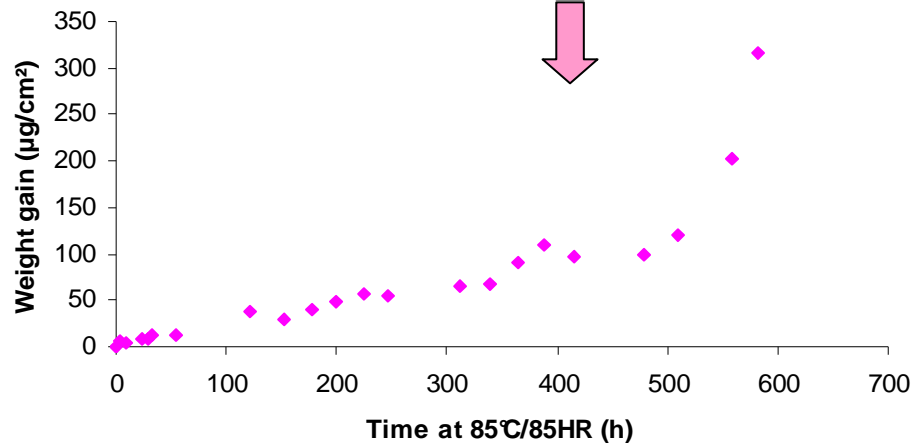
- Strategy: Stack of thin layers with specific characteristics



Buffer layer ~ 5 – 10 μ m
Passivation, Planarization

+

Multilayers barrier (metal or dielectric) ~ 0.5 – 2 μ m
O₂ and H₂O diffusion barrier

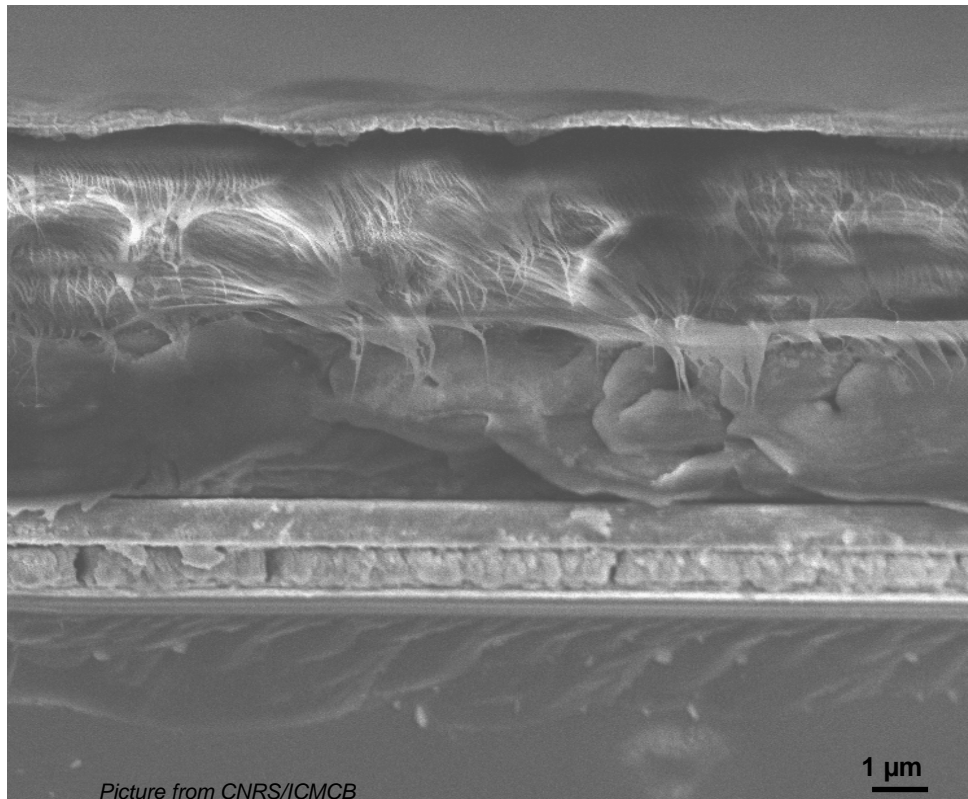


Microbattery SEM examination

Encapsulation

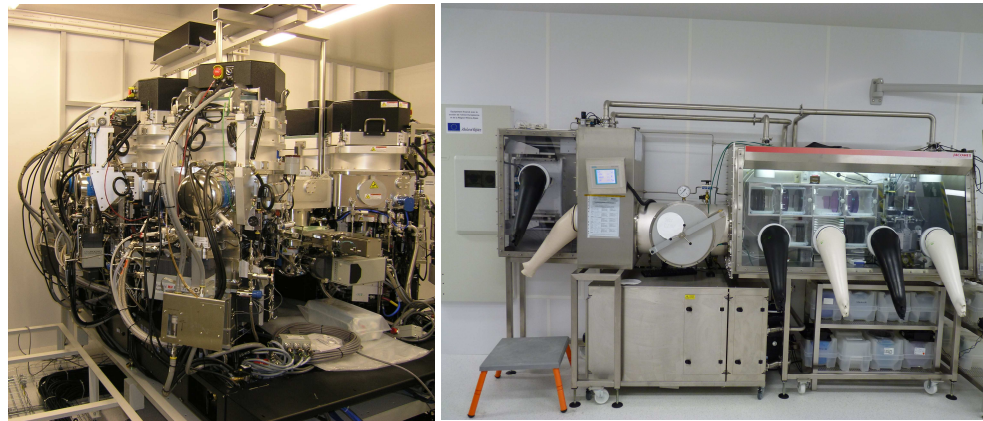
Active layers

Substrate

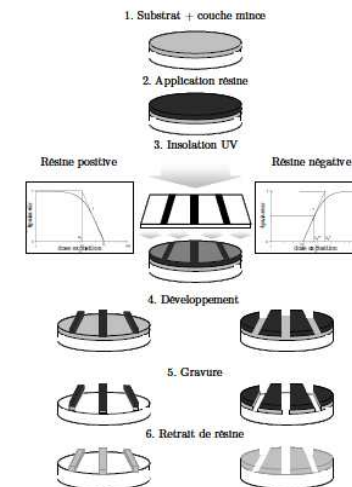
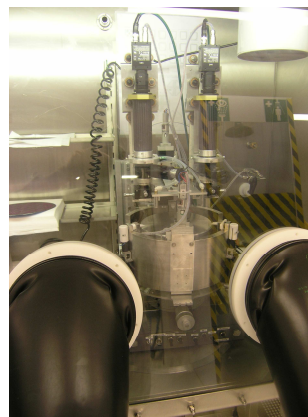
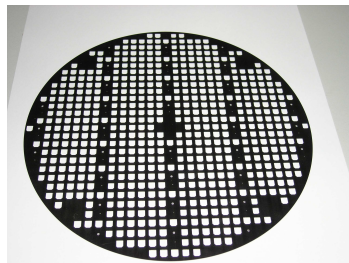


Microbattery manufacturing

- Process development on industrial tool (200mm substrates)



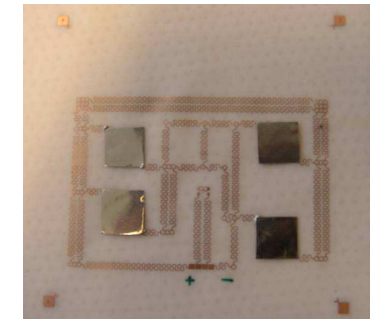
- Patterning: from Shadow Mask to maskless process



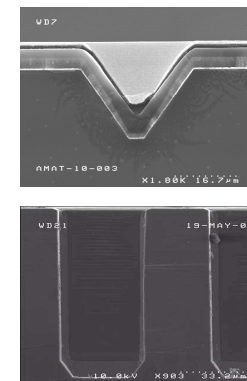
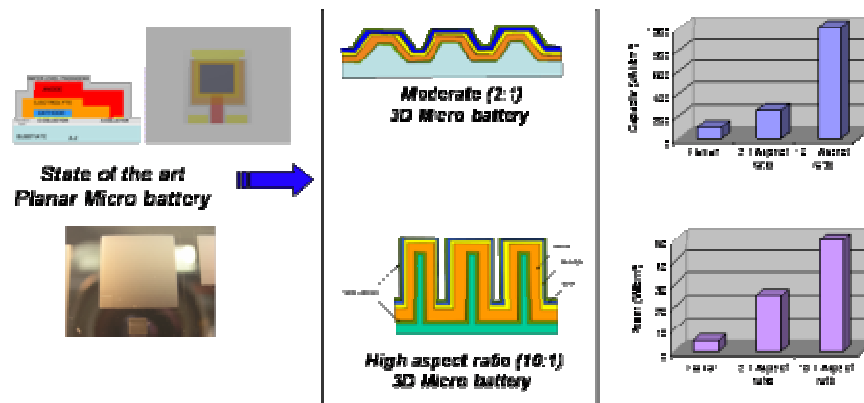
Substrates

- **Flexible substrates**

- Polyimide substrates (low T process)
- Large area for high capacity



- **Textured substrates**

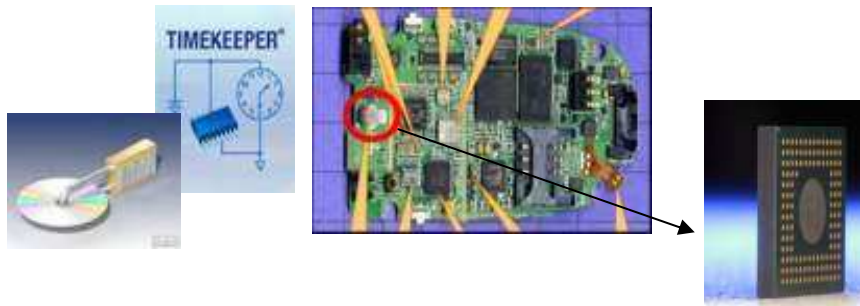
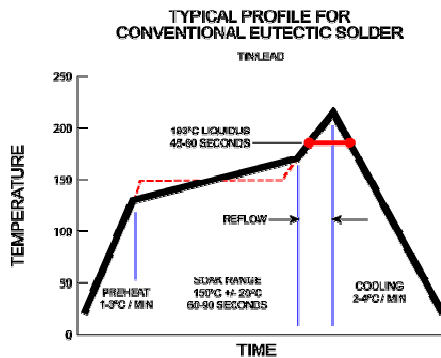


- **Stacking of microbatteries**

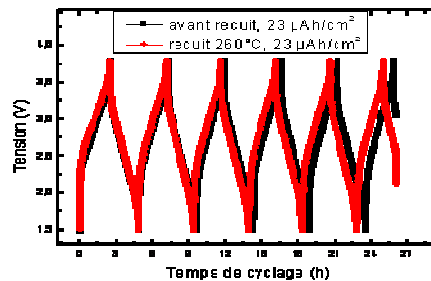


Integration: Solder reflow capability

- **Electronic market requires possibility to use energy storage as any other component**
 - Capability to sustain high temperature step for connection (SR)

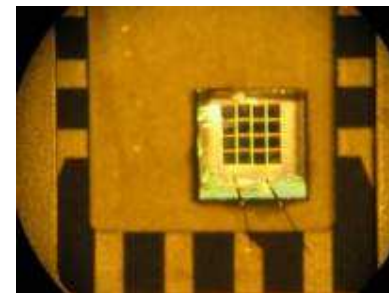
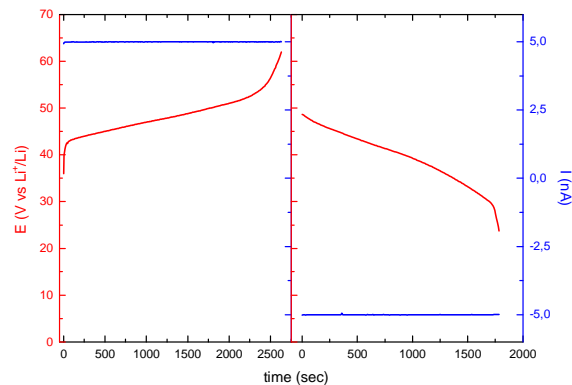
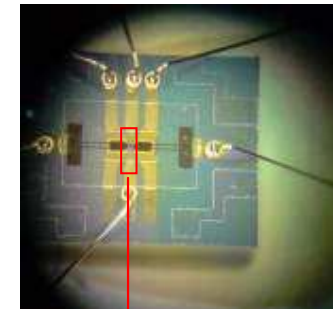
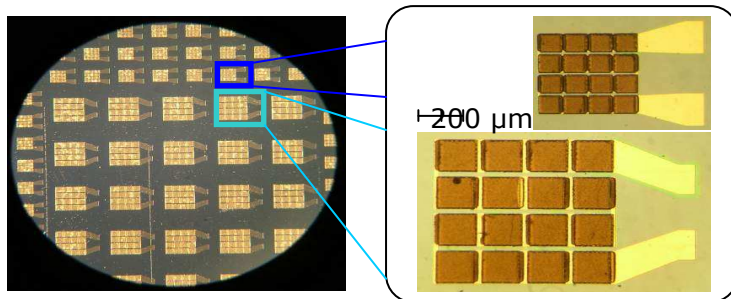
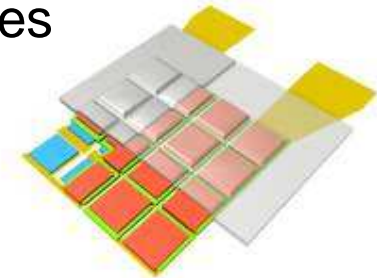


- Microbattery Technology can fulfill the requirement
 - Microbattery cycling before and after 3 Lead free Solder Reflow



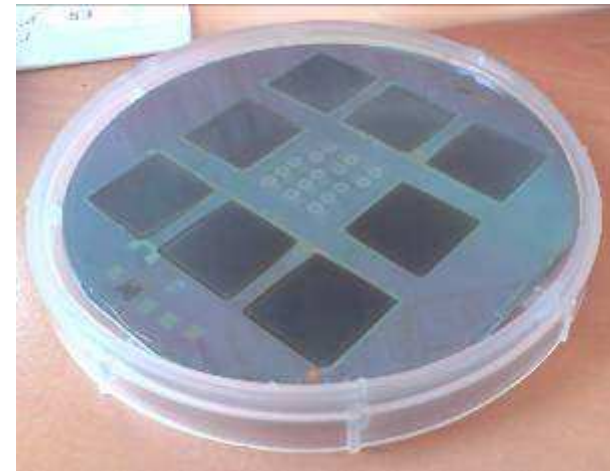
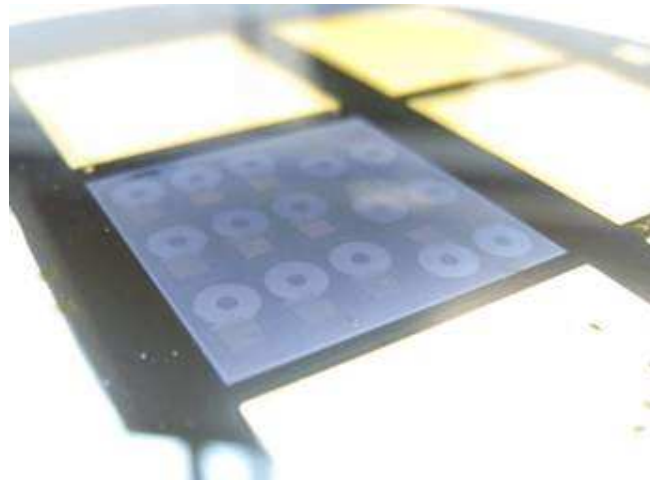
High voltage photolithography microbatteries

- **Objectives: High voltage (> 30V) energy source for rf MEMS**
 - Connections in series of 16 V_2O_5 based microbatteries
 - Photolithographic process
 - Standard clean room environment
 - 100 x 100 μm^2 microbatteries



High voltage microbatteries

- **Objectives: High voltage energy source for actuators**
 - Technology fusion between silicon actuators and microbattery

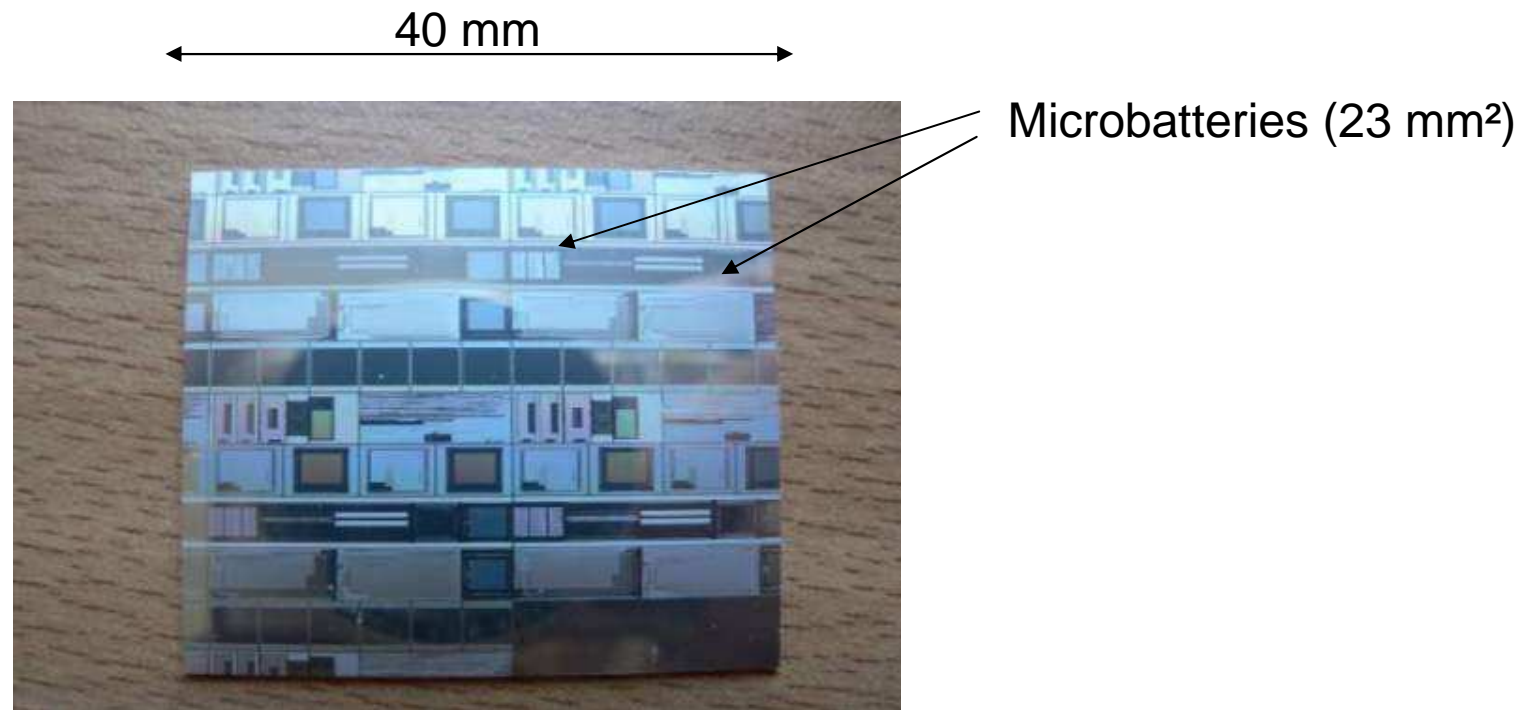


- Applications: μ UAV, avionics

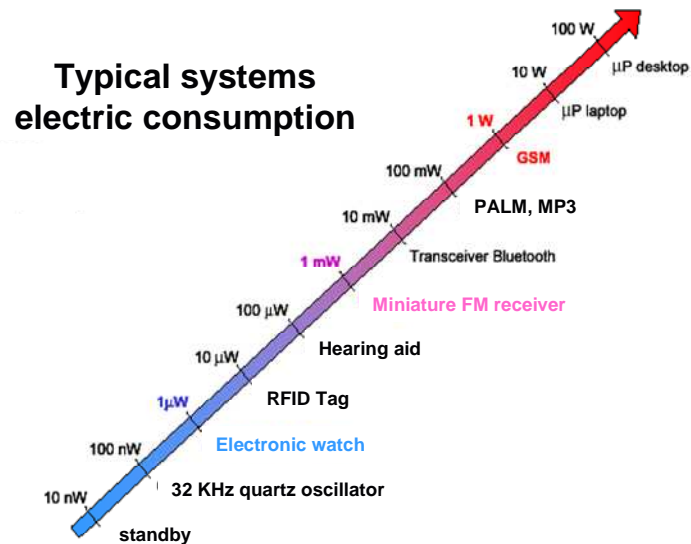


Integration: Above IC capability

- Microbattery on integrated circuit for smart card application: security improvement



Autonomous micro-power system

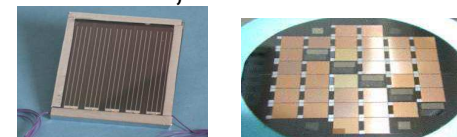


Micro-sensor's power

- Autonomous and long life time
- Miniaturization
- Integration

Hybrid micropower system: Storage + Harvesting

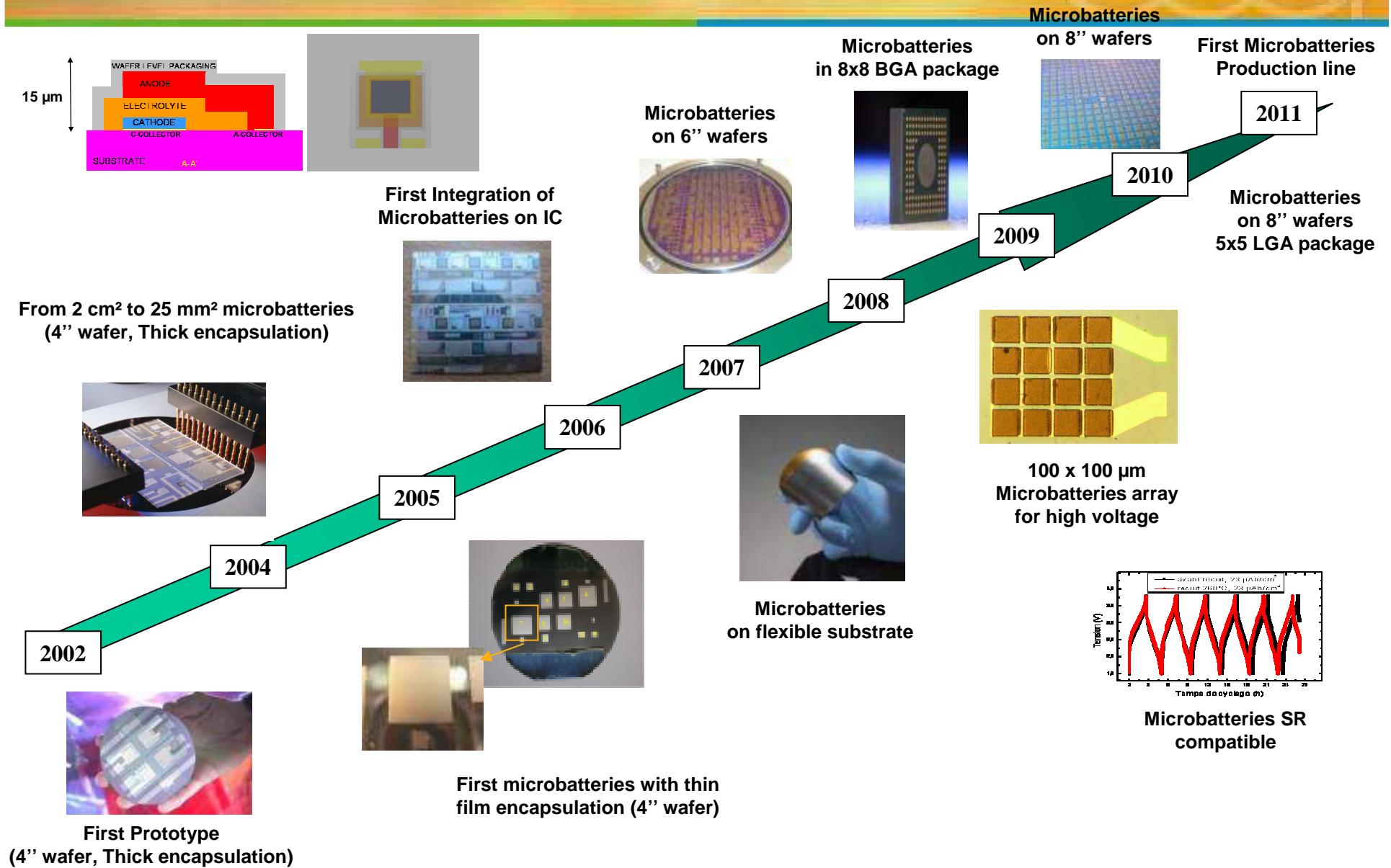
- **Microbateries are perfectly suited for these kind of requirements**
 - Thin film, integrable
 - High number of cycles w/o lose of capacity
 - Low self discharge
 - Pulse capabilities
 - Generic storage solutions for several energy harvesting systems: PV, thermoelectricity, piezo...



Microbattery Digest

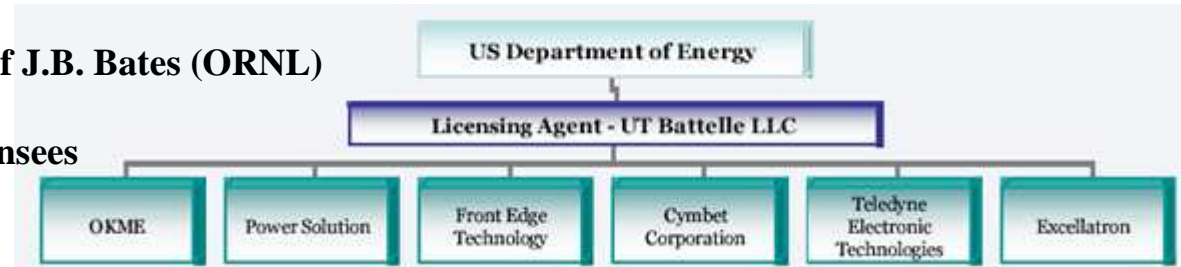
	<i>Available Microbatterie characteristics</i>
Capacity	Up to 300 $\mu\text{Ah}/\text{cm}^2$
Power	Up to 3 mA/cm^2
Voltage	Between 4.2 and 1 V
Cyclability	> Thousands of cycles
Thickness	< 15 μm (with packaging)
Surface	- From 20 mm^2 to large area (shadow mask) - Down to 100 x 100 μm (photolithography)
Substrate	IC (Si), polymer, ceramic, PCB...
Safety	Solid state – not flammable – no leakage

Evolution of CEA Microbatteries prototypes



Industrial developments – US

All developments based on work of J.B. Bates (ORNL)
 High temperature process
 6 start-ups with non-exclusive licensees



➤ **Excellatron**
 (Atlanta, Georgia)
www.excellatron.com



ATP-NIST program to develop PECVD process (speed-up the manufacturing process)
 10.000 cells/month

➤ **Cymbet**
 (Elk River, Minnesota)
www.cymbet.com



2001: 4.5 M\$ from 2 International venture capital firms
 2004: 16.5 M\$ from private financing (Dow Corning, Intel)
 Project with Medtronics for medical applications
 2009: microbatteries available for sale

➤ **Infinite Power Solution**
 (Denver, Colorado)
www.infinitepowersolutions.cc



Shareholding: UniSource Energy, Dow Corning
 2006: raised 34.7 M\$ for building microbattery building facilities
 2008: raised 13 M\$ for ramp-up

➤ **Front Edge Technology**
 (Baldin Park, California)
www.frontedgetechnology.com



50.000 prototypes
 Testing contracts with Jet Prop. Lab
 Small production line (200.000 pieces/year)



Industrial developments – Asia

➤ Not a lot of public dissemination

➤ **Nuricell** (Corea)

Start-up based on work performed at KIST

Owned by GS Caltex

Collaboration with Ulvac (equipment and target supplier)

➤ **Samsung** (Corea)

Known to work on the subject

➤ **Matsushita** (Japan)

Patenting

Positive electrode	Negative electrode	V1* (V)	V2** (V)	Ex.	Capacity maintenance ratio [%]	Capacity ratio [%]	Com. Ex.	Capacity maintenance ratio [%]	Capacity ratio [%]
LiCoO ₂	C	4.2	3.0	2	85	88	2	55	46
LiNiO ₂	C	4.2	3.0	3	75	77	3	45	43
LiMn ₂ O ₄	C	4.2	3.0	4	81	85	4	36	34
LiCoPO ₄	C	5.0	4.0	5	86	87	5	35	28
LiFePO ₄	C	3.9	1.8	6	71	73	6	51	43
LiCoPO ₄ F	C	5.4	4.0	7	80	82	7	32	25
LiFePO ₄ F	C	3.9	1.8	8	79	79	8	41	29
LiFeO ₂	C	4.1	1.5	9	77	77	9	51	31
LiCoO ₂	Li	4.3	3.0	10	78	79	10	60	52
LiNiO ₂	Li	4.3	3.0	11	72	75	11	44	39
LiMn ₂ O ₄	Li	4.3	3.0	12	76	80	12	39	31
LiCoPO ₄	Li	5.1	4.0	13	80	82	13	30	25
LiFePO ₄	Li	4.0	1.8	14	71	75	14	45	31
LiCoPO ₄ F	Li	5.5	4.0	15	75	77	15	37	31
LiFePO ₄ F	Li	4.0	1.8	16	72	74	16	57	61
LiFeO ₂	Li	4.2	1.5	17	69	72	17	59	58
V ₂ O ₅	Li	3.6	1.5	18	85	89	18	60	34
LiCoO ₂	Si	3.9	2.6	19	77	79	19	48	43
LiNiO ₂	Si	3.9	2.6	20	71	74	20	47	40
LiMn ₂ O ₄	Si	3.9	2.6	21	70	71	21	37	30
LiCoPO ₄	Si	4.7	3.6	22	69	73	22	30	27
LiFePO ₄	Si	3.6	1.4	23	75	77	23	49	42
LiCoPO ₄ F	Si	5.1	3.6	24	74	77	24	34	30
LiFePO ₄ F	Si	3.6	1.4	25	72	73	25	51	49
LiFeO ₂	Si	3.8	1.1	26	69	73	26	45	40
LiCoO ₂	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.8	1.5	27	80	81	27	61	49
LiNiO ₂	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.8	1.5	28	75	79	28	57	49
LiMn ₂ O ₄	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.8	1.5	29	81	83	29	40	34
LiCoPO ₄	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	3.6	2.5	30	86	87	30	40	30
LiFePO ₄	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.5	0.3	31	71	73	31	47	39
LiCoPO ₄ F	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	4.0	2.5	32	80	85	32	41	32
LiFePO ₄ F	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.5	0.3	33	79	81	33	55	47
LiFeO ₂	Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂	2.7	0.0	34	77	78	34	52	44
V ₂ O ₅	LiCo _{0.2} O _{1.4} N	3.1	1.0	35	88	88	35	46	37

V1*: end-of-charge voltage

V2**: end-of-discharge voltage

Industrial developments – Europe

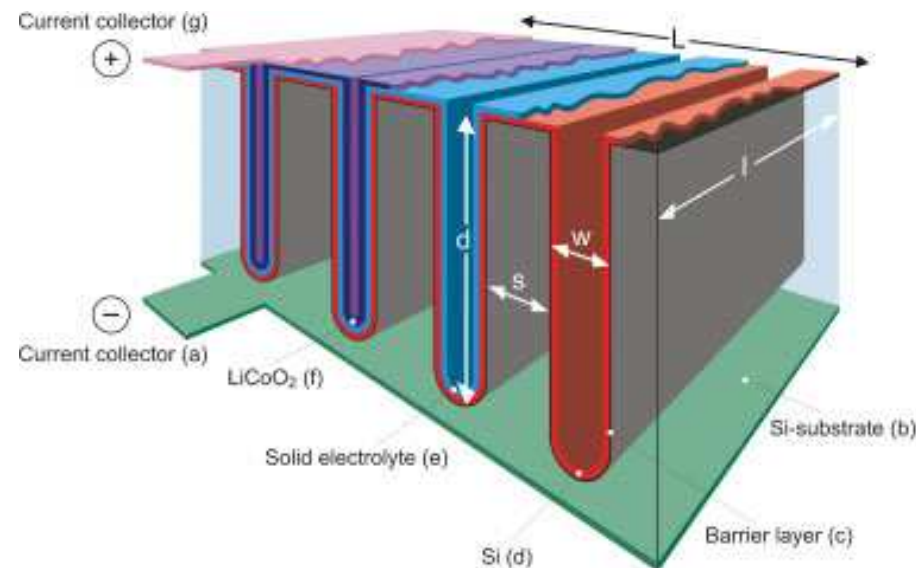
➤ **ST-Microelectronics**

Common Lab with CEA-LITEN

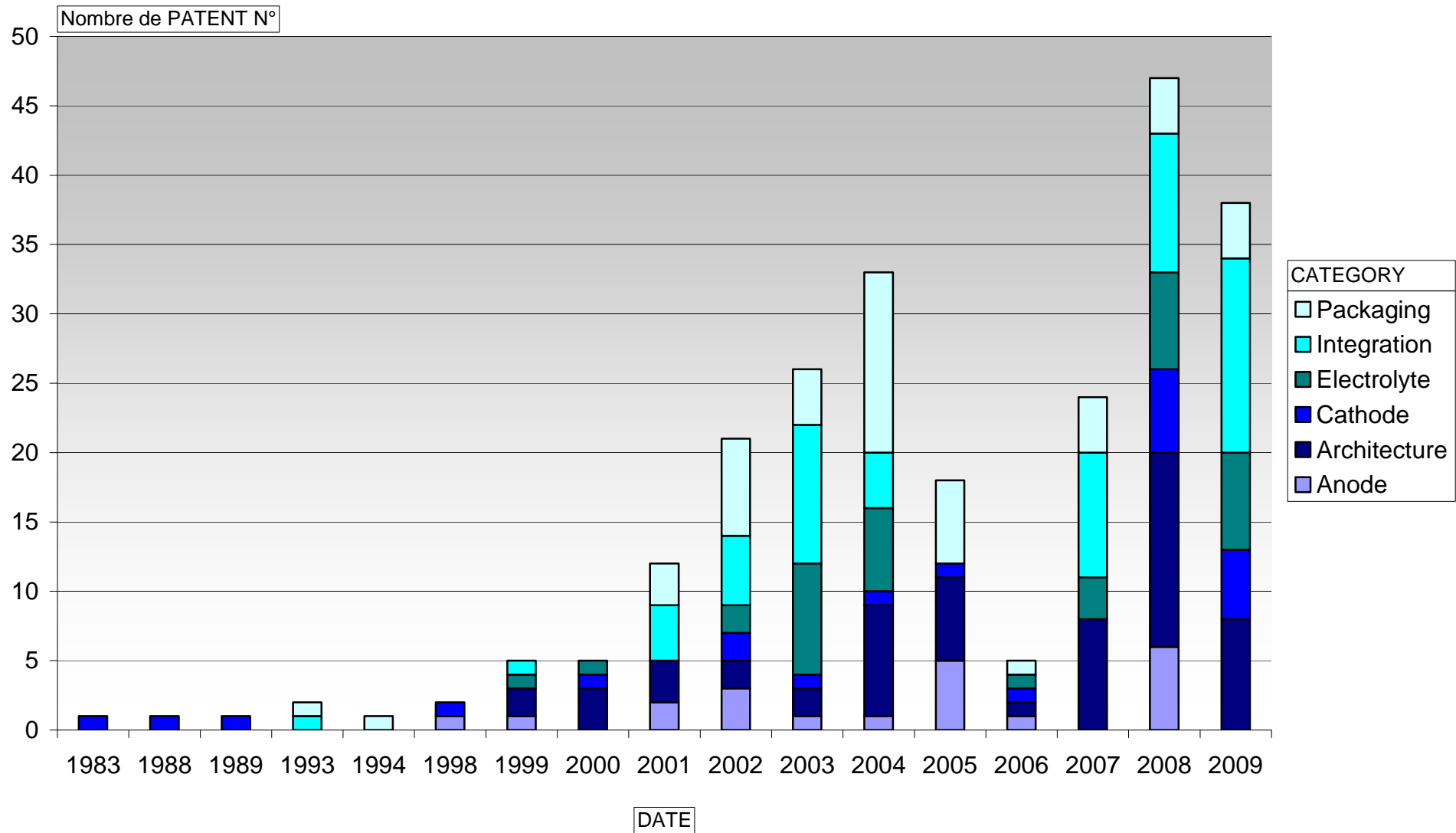
Commercial agreement with Front Edge Technology (2009)

➤ **Philips Research**

Focused on 3D microbattery

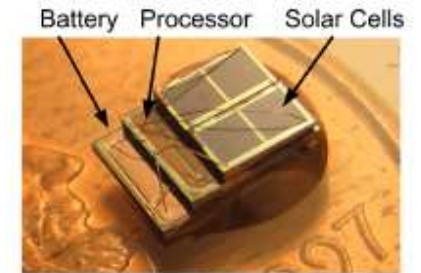


Evolution of microbattery patents in the world



Microbattery + energy harvesting prototypes

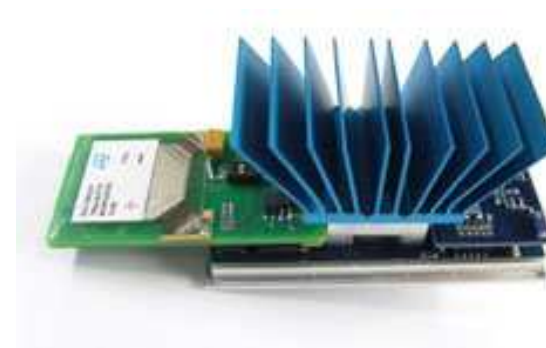
➤ Microbattery + Photovoltaics



➤ Microbattery + RF



➤ Microbattery + Thermoelectricity



Conclusions

- **Microbattery Technology**
 - Available with different packaging solutions
 - Solder Reflow compatibility for some of them
 - Industrialization on the road
- **Microsensors powering**
 - Hybrid system with energy harvesters
 - Depending on applications